Safety Data Sheet

SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier
Product name

PROTECTIV 100
819011 - 819012 - 819013 - 819014 - 819015 - 819016 - 819017 - 819018 - 820734

PROTECTIV 112
820872

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use

ENGINE COOLANT (for B2C)

Identified Uses
De-icing and anti-icing applications

Industrial  Professional  Consumer

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet
Name
Valeo Service Africa & Overseas
Full address
70 Rue Pleyel
93285 St Denis
France
Tel. +33(0)149453232

e-mail address of the competent person
responsible for the Safety Data Sheet
vsao.contact.mailbox@valeo.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number
For urgent inquiries refer to
+33(0)149453232 (business hours)

SECTION 2. Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation 2015/830. Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indication:
- Acute toxicity, category 4 H302 Harmful if swallowed.
- Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 2 H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Safety Data Sheet

According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation 2015/830

2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms:

![Signal words: Warning]

Hazard statements:

H302 Harmful if swallowed.
H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary statements:

P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
P102 Keep out of reach of children.
P262 Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.
P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
P301+P312 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER / doctor / . . . if you feel unwell.
P314 Get medical advice / attention if you feel unwell.
P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Contains: ETHANEDIOL

2.3. Other hazards

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0.1%.

SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Information not relevant

3.2. Mixtures

Contains:

Identification x = Conc. % Classification 1272/2008 (CLP)
SECTION 4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. If problem persists, seek medical advice.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Wash immediately with plenty of water. If irritation persists, get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before using it again.

INHALATION: Remove to open air. In the event of breathing difficulties, get medical advice/attention immediately.

INGESTION: Get medical advice/attention. Induce vomiting only if indicated by the doctor. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person, unless authorised by a doctor.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Information not available

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT
The extinguishing equipment should be of the conventional kind: carbon dioxide, foam, powder and water spray.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT
None in particular.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE
Do not breathe combustion products.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

GENERAL INFORMATION
Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.
SECTION 6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.
Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.
Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Before handling the product, consult all the other sections of this material safety data sheet. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove any contaminated clothes and personal protective equipment before entering places in which people eat.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store the containers sealed, in a well ventilated place, away from direct sunlight. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters
## ETHANEDIOL

### Threshold Limit Value

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Country</th>
<th>TWA/8h</th>
<th>STEL/15min</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>mg/m³</td>
<td>ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>mg/m³</td>
<td>ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TLV</td>
<td>CZE</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AGW</td>
<td>DEU</td>
<td>26</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MAK</td>
<td>DEU</td>
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<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td>TLV-ACGIH</td>
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<td>Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC</td>
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<td>Normal value in freshwater</td>
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<tr>
<td>Normal value in marine water</td>
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<td>mg/l</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Normal value for fresh water sediment</td>
<td>20,9</td>
<td>mg/kg</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Normal value for water, intermittent release</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>mg/l</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Normal value of STP microorganisms</td>
<td>199,5</td>
<td>mg/l</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Normal value for the terrestrial compartment</td>
<td>1,53</td>
<td>mg/kg</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Safety Data Sheet

According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation 2015/830

### Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Route of exposure</th>
<th>Effects on consumers</th>
<th>Effects on workers</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute local</td>
<td>Acute systemic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Chronic local</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>7 mg/m³</td>
<td>VND</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Skin</td>
<td>VND</td>
<td>53 mg/kg/d</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Legend:

(C) = CEILING ; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction ; RESP = Respirable Fraction ; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

VND = hazard identified but no DNEL/PNEC available ; NEA = no exposure expected ; NPI = no hazard identified.

### 8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

Exposure levels must be kept as low as possible to avoid significant build-up in the organism. Manage personal protective equipment so as to guarantee maximum protection (e.g. reduction in replacement times).

#### HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves (see standard EN 374).

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material: compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

#### SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category II professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Regulation 2016/425 and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

#### EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN 166).

In the presence of risks of exposure to splashes or squirts during work, adequate mouth, nose and eye protection should be used to prevent accidental absorption.

#### RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, use a mask with a type A filter whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration (see standard EN 14387). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required.

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529.

#### ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS
The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

**SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties**

**9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties**

- **Appearance:** liquid
- **Colour:** yellow or pink
- **Odour:** characteristic
- **Odour threshold:** Not available
- **pH:** 7,5 - 10
- **Melting point / freezing point:** -40 °C
- **Initial boiling point:** > 165 °C
- **Boiling range:** Not available
- **Flash point:** > 125 °C
- **Evaporation Rate:** Not available
- **Flammability of solids and gases:** Not available
- **Lower inflammability limit:** Not available
- **Upper inflammability limit:** Not available
- **Lower explosive limit:** 4,9 % (V/V)
- **Upper explosive limit:** 14,6 % (V/V)
- **Vapour pressure:** Not available
- **Vapour density:** Not available
- **Relative density:** 1,110 - 1,140
- **Solubility:** soluble
- **Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water:** -1,93
- **Auto-ignition temperature:** > 400 °C
- **Decomposition temperature:** Not available
- **Viscosity:** Not available
- **Explosive properties:** Not available
- **Oxidising properties:** Not available

**9.2. Other information**

- **VOC (Directive 2010/75/EC):** 0
- **VOC (volatile carbon):** 0

**SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity**

**10.1. Reactivity**
The product may react exothermically on contact with strong oxidising or reducing agents, strong acids or bases.

10.2. Chemical stability
Excessively high temperatures can cause thermal decomposition.
ETHANEDIOL
Reacts with strong oxidising agents.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions
See paragraph 10.1.

10.4. Conditions to avoid
Avoid overheating.
ETHANEDIOL
ETHANEDIOL: avoid exposure to sources of heat and naked flames.

10.5. Incompatible materials
Oxidising or reducing agents. Strong acids or bases.

Do not store in zinc-coated.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products
In the event of thermal decomposition or fire, gases and vapours that are potentially dangerous to health may be released.
ETHANEDIOL
ETHANEDIOL: hydroxyacetaldehyde, glyoxal, acetaldehyde, methane, formaldehyde, carbon monoxide, hydrogen.

**SECTION 11. Toxicological information**

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification. It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

11.1. Information on toxicological effects
ETHANEDIOL

ETHANEDIOL: following ingestion it initially stimulates the CNS; later on depression results. Renal damage with anuria and uremia may occur. Symptoms of overexposure are: vomiting, somnolence, difficulty in breathing, convulsions. The lethal dose in man is approximately 1.4 l/kg. The way of entry is inhalation and ingestion.

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available

Information on likely routes of exposure

Information not available

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Information not available

Interactive effects

Information not available

ACUTE TOXICITY

LC50 (Inhalation) of the mixture: Not classified (no significant component)
LD50 (Oral) of the mixture: 303.13 mg/kg
LD50 (Dermal) of the mixture: Not classified (no significant component)

ETHANEDIOL

LD50 (Oral) > 300 mg/kg
LD50 (Dermal) > 5000 mg/kg Rabbit

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION
Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

**GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY**

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

**CARCINOGENICITY**

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

**REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY**

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

**STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE**

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

**STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE**

May cause damage to organs

**ASPIRATION HAZARD**

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

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**SECTION 12. Ecological information**

Use this product according to good working practices. Avoid littering. Inform the competent authorities, should the product reach waterways or contaminate soil or vegetation.

**12.1. Toxicity**

ETHANEDIOL

LC50 - for Fish

> 100 mg/l/96h

Chronic NOEC for Fish

> 100 mg/l

Chronic NOEC for Crustacea

> 100 mg/l

**12.2. Persistence and degradability**

ETHANEDIOL

Rapidly degradable
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

ETHANEDIOL

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

-1.93

12.4. Mobility in soil

ETHANEDIOL

ETHANEDIOL: very mobile in soil.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

ETHANEDIOL

ETHANEDIOL: is not considered to be PBT or vPvB.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Information not available

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

SECTION 14. Transport information

The product is not dangerous under current provisions of the Code of International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR) and by Rail (RID), of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG), and of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) regulations.

14.1. UN number

Not applicable

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Not applicable
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Not applicable

14.4. Packing group

Not applicable

14.5. Environmental hazards

Not applicable

14.6. Special precautions for user

Not applicable

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Information not relevant

SECTION 15. Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EC: None

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006

Product Point 3

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH)

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage greater than 0.1%.
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Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH):

None

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to (EC) Reg. 649/2012:

None

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None

Healthcare controls

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers’ health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has been performed for the following contained substances

ETHANEDIOL

SECTION 16. Other information

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

| Acute Tox. | Acute toxicity, category 4 |
| STOT RE 2 | Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 2 |
| H302 | Harmful if swallowed |
| H373 | May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure |

LEGEND:
- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- CAS NUMBER: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE NUMBER: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: EC Regulation 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
VALEO SERVICE SAS
MEAO

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According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation 2015/830

- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX NUMBER: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY
1. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
12. Regulation (EU) 2016/1179 (IX Atp. CLP)
13. Regulation (EU) 2017/776 (X Atp. CLP)
15. Regulation (EU) 2018/1480 (XII Atp. CLP)
- The Merck Index. - 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- INRS - Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty - Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- IFA GESTIS website
- ECHA website
- Database of SDS models for chemicals - Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) - Italy

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product. This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property. The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses. Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.